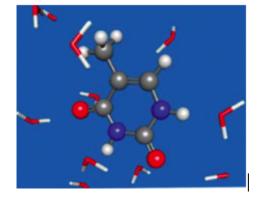
C - CHEM™ A Quantum Leap Into the Future of Chemistry

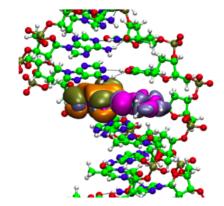
Treating Environmental Effects: Implicit and Explicit Solvent Models

• Popular implicit solvation models:

- SM8, SM12, SMD, COSMO, C-PCM, SS(V)PE, IEF-PCM, CMIRS, and more;
- Intrinsically smooth discretization of the solute/continuum interface;
- Poisson equation solver for anisotropic dielectric boundary conditions.
- Effective fragment potential (EFP) for modeling explicit solvent with polarizable embedding:
 - Available for ground and excited states;
 - Interfaced with DFT and wave function based methods;
 - Extension to biomolecules is available;
 - Built-in library of effective fragments.
- Density embedding is available for selected methods.
- Many-body expansion can incorporate solvent molecules at a QM level.
- Stand-alone electrostatic embedding (QM/MM) capabilities:
 - Available for ground or excited states;
 - Integration with PCM models (QC/MM/PCM);
 - Many-body expansion can incorporate solvent molecules at a QM level.
- Interface to CHARMM:
 - QM/MM using CHARMM's extensive set of sampling methods;
 - Full QM/MM Hessian or "mobile block-Hessian" approximation facilitate study of vibrational entropic effects or large-scale conformational changes.
- Interfaces with GROMACS and NAMD are available.



(**C**) EFP used to compute ionization energies and redox potentials of bulk-solvated species



(b) HOMO and LUMO of a Watson-Crick base pair in a QM/MM description of double-stranded DNA

Request a free trial at www.q-chem.com